

Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance														
1	(a)	(i)	<table border="1"> <tr><td>class</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>family</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>genus</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>kingdom</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>order</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>species</td><td></td></tr> </table>	class		family		genus		kingdom		order				species		1	ignore ticks
class																			
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		(ii)	it is the international basis of naming species / it shows or is based on relationships / removes confusion with colloquial names / universal name in all languages (1)	1	allow allows scientists all over world to know name of animal or plant allow can group them based on relatives allow idea that similar species can be in same genus														
	(b)		(its hooks allow anchorage / flattened body for crawling under stones) so are well suited (1) for limited habitats such as fast water hiding under stones (1)	2	allow adapted to survive in specific habitat/environment (2)														

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	(c)	<p>[Level 3] Identifies presence or absence of more than one named indicator species and makes a clear conclusion about the level of pollution in all three sites. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. (5–6 marks)</p> <p>[Level 2] Identifies presence or absence of at least one named indicator species and links it to level of pollution at two sites. Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3–4 marks)</p> <p>[Level 1] Identifies the level of pollution at one site. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. (1–2 marks)</p> <p>[Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit. (0 marks)</p>	6	<p>This question is targeted at grades up to A.</p> <p>Indicative scientific points at level 1, 2 and 3 may include:</p> <p>consider following point with reference:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • mayfly larvae only live in unpolluted water (high in oxygen content) • rat-tail maggots can survive very high pollution / low oxygen content • allow there are mayfly in unpolluted areas so downstream of factory must be polluted • allow higher level responses to Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) being very high in polluted water • ignore factory poisons the stream. <p>Indicative scientific points at level 1 may include:</p> <p>example rat-tail maggot found at factory site because of high level of pollution</p> <p>Use L1, L2, L3 annotations in scoris; do not use ticks.</p>
		Total	10	

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2	(a)	idea that CO₂ from the atmosphere is used up during photosynthesis or CO₂ returned to atmosphere when biofuel is burnt (1) but idea that CO₂ used up in photosynthesis is balanced by CO₂ returned to atmosphere when burnt (2)	2	ignore carbon neutral
	(b)	otherwise it could explode / so it does not explode (1)	1	allow it will explode at 10% allow will not burn at very low levels
	(c)	less energy content / less energy efficient / releases less energy (1)	1	allow idea of land that normally used for crops is lost to biofuels / habitat destruction ignore uses lots of land allow idea that production could be too slow in cold climates ignore less efficient
Total			4	

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3	(a)	<p>(a group of organisms) capable of interbreeding / mating produces offspring (1)</p> <p>but</p> <p>(interbreed to) have fertile offspring (2)</p>	2	<p>allow can mate / can reproduce / have offspring</p> <p>allow additional marking point: organisms which share the same gene pool / share the same genetic information (1)</p>										
	(b)	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>class</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>family</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>genus</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>order</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>species</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	class	<input type="checkbox"/>	family	<input type="checkbox"/>	genus	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	order	<input type="checkbox"/>	species	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	each incorrect tick above 2 loses 1 mark down to zero
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	(c)	<p>any two from:</p> <p>(avoid predation) by distraction / scare off predators (1)</p> <p>attract their food source / act as bait (so they catch more food) (1)</p> <p>attract mates (to increase chance of reproducing) (1)</p>	2	<p>allow green oval structures may act as 'flares' that predators chase rather than attack the worms</p> <p>allow may be poisonous / toxic (to predators)</p> <p>ignore simply 'escape from predators' (in earlier part of question)</p> <p>ignore use structure to help them see (idea that it acts as a torch)</p>										

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(d)	<p>any three from: (in ancestral population) some worms had green oval structures / some worms did not have green oval structures (1)</p> <p>green oval structures allowed worms to live in deep water / worms living in deep water developed green oval structures (1)</p> <p>idea of isolation between worms in deep and shallow water / isolation between worms with and without green oval structures (1)</p> <p>idea of independent evolution between two groups (1)</p>	3	<p>ignore simply 'worms show variation' allow clear AW for green oval structures eg 'can glow'</p> <p>generic explanation with no reference to green oval structures = max (2) ie ideas of isolation and independent evolution</p> <p>allow adapt differently</p>
	Total	9	

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4 a i	fungi (1) 7 (%) (1)	2	allow any correct rounding of 7.0376432 no ECF
ii	some species have been given more than one name / counted more than once (1)	1	allow some have gone extinct (since being discovered) allow new species have evolved/mutated/appeared (faster than expected)
b	any two from these ideas birds are easier to spot / beetles are more difficult to spot (1) more people watch/are interested in birds than beetles (1) birds migrate / move around more (1) beetle species are similar and only recently have people realised they are different species (1) there are more niches for beetles (1) beetles are older than birds and have had time to evolve into more species (1) identification/collection techniques (for beetles) have improved (1)	2	ignore descriptions of differences between the graphs with no explanation e.g. there are fewer bird species than beetle species allow birds are bigger than beetles allow people have been recording birds for longer / idea that birds already known in 1750 allow beetles may live in places with few people

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c i	<p>any two from these ideas (no) (no marks)</p> <p>a correlation does not prove causation (1)</p> <p>need more evidence (to prove) / could be other factors (causing extinction) (1)</p> <p>there is not a (complete) match between the two graphs (1)</p> <p>it could just be that we are better at recording extinctions now compared with 200 years ago (1)</p>	2	<p>yes = 0 marks</p> <p>allow there have always been extinctions so any match could be a coincidence</p> <p>allow human population is increasing exponentially but extinction is not / allow not much increase in extinctions in first 100 years although there is an increase in human population</p> <p>allow additional mark point the graph may be from a biased source (1)</p>
ii	<p>idea that this will help support the website's aim / stop extinctions (1)</p> <p>idea of making the two lines look as similar as possible / look like there is a correlation (1)</p>	2	<p>ignore simply 'biased'</p> <p>ignore simply there is a correlation</p> <p>allow additional marking point to fit them both on the same graph / easier to compare / if used same scale or axis then difficult to plot both lines (accurately) / idea that the (range of) numbers are very different (1)</p>
iii	<p>(increasing human population leads to extinction because of) habitat destruction / pollution / climate change / hunting (1)</p>	1	
	Total	10	